SuperFlux LEDs



This product is not RoHs compliant. For lead-free, use SuperFlux PB-Free in DS55.

Introduction

The popular through-hole package design allows lighting designers to reduce the number of LEDs required and provide a more uniform and unique illuminated appearance than with other LED products. This is possible through the efficient optical package design and high-current capabilities.

The low profile package can be easily coupled with reflectors or lenses to efficiently distribute light and provide the desired appearance. This product family includes red, red-orange and amber LEDs, allowing lighting designers to match the color of many lighting applications like vehicle signal lamps, specialty lighting, and electronic signs.

Features

- Rugged package
- Energy saving
- Ease of handling
- High Luminance
- Uniform Color
- Low Power Consumption

Key Applications

- Automotive
 - Central High Mount Stop Lamp (CHMSL)
 - Stop Lamp
- Illumination
 - Signal Lamps



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Selection Guide

Table 1. Device Type Overview

LED Color	Device Type	Typical Total Included Angle ^[1] (degrees) ^θ _{0.90V}
	HPWT-RDx0	44 X 88
Red	HPWT-MDx0	100
Reu	HPWT-DDx0	70
	HPWT-BDx0	50
	HPWT-RHx0	44 X 88
Pod Orango	HPWT-MHx0	100
Red-Orange	HPWT-DHx0	70
	HPWT-BHx0	50
Amber	HPWT-RLx0	44 X 88
	HPWT-MLx0	100
	HPWT-DLx0	70
	HPWT-BLx0	50

Notes for Table 1:

1. $\theta_{_{0.90\,V}}$ is the included angle at which 90% of the total luminous flux is captured.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 2.

Parameter	HPWT	Units	
DC Forward Current ^[1]	70	mA	
Power Dissipation	221	mW	
Reverse Voltage (IR = 100 µA)	10	V	
Operating Temperature Range	-40 - +100	°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-55 - +100	°C	
High Temperature Chamber	125°C, 2 hours		
LED Junction Temperature	125°C		

Notes for Table 2:

1. Derate as shown in Figures 4.

Mechanical Dimensions

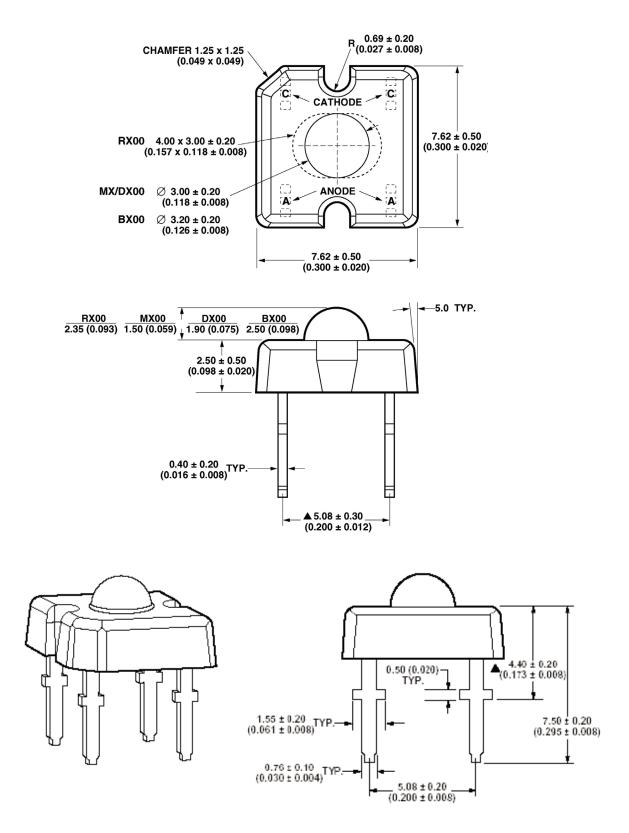


Figure 1. Package outline drawing.

Optical Characteristics

Optical Characteristics at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $I_F = 70 \text{ mA}$, $R\theta_{J-A} = 200^{\circ}C/W$

Table 3.

LED Color	Device Type	Typ. Peak Wavelength λ _{peak} (nm)	Typ. Dominant Wavelength λ_{dom} (nm) ¹¹	Typical Total Included Angle ^[2] (degrees) ^θ _{0.90V}	Luminous Intensity Total Flux Iv(cd)/Φv(lm)	Viewing Angle (degrees) 20 1/2
	HPWT-RDx0	640	630	44 X 88	1.25	25 X 68
Red	HPWT-MDx0	640	630	100	0.6	70
Reu	HPWT-DDx0	640	630	70	1.5	40
	HPWT-BDx0	640	630	50	2.0	30
	HPWT-RHx0	626	620	44 X 88	1.25	25 X 68
Pod Orango	HPWT-MHx0	626	620	100	0.6	70
Red-Orange	HPWT-DHx0	626	620	70	1.5	40
	HPWT-BHx0	626	620	50	2.0	30
	HPWT-RLx0	596	594	44 X 88	1.25	25 X 68
Amber	HPWT-MLx0	596	594	100	0.6	70
AMDEI	HPWT-DLx0	596	594	70	1.5	40
	HPWT-BLx0	596	594	50	2.0	30

Notes for Table 3:

1. The dominant wavelength is derived from the CIE Chromaticity Diagram and represents the perceived color of the device.

2. $\theta_{_{090\,V}}$ is the included angle at which 90% of the total luminous flux is captured.

Electrical Characteristics

Electrical Characteristics at T_A = 25°C

Table 4.

LED Color	Device Type		vard Voltago olts) I _F = 70 (HPWT)		Break V _R (Vo	erse down @ lts) ^[1] @ 00 µA	Capacitance C (pF) V _F = 0 F =1 MHz.	Typical Thermal Resistance (°C/W)	Typ. Speed of Response τs (ns) ^[2]
		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	1 110112.	$R\theta_{J-PIN}$	
Red	HPWT-xDx0	2.19	2.6	3.03	10	20	40	125	20
Red-Orange	HPWT-xHx0	2.19	2.6	3.03	10	20	40	125	20
Amber	HPWT-xLx0	2.19	2.6	3.15	10	20	40	125	20

Notes for Table 4:

1. Operation in reverse bias is not recommended.

2. τs is the time constant, et/ τs .

Figures

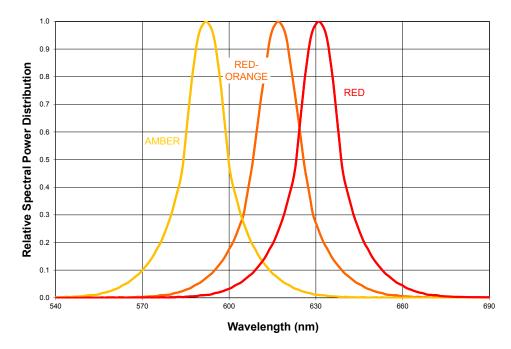


Figure 2. Relative intensity vs. wavelength.

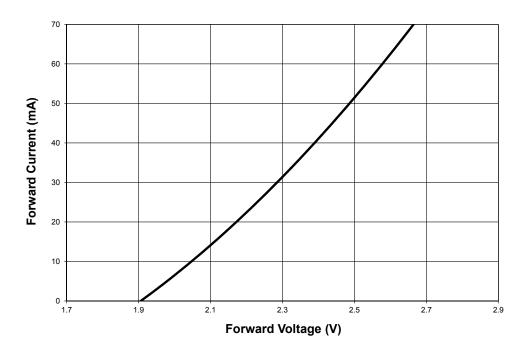


Figure 3. Forward current vs. forward voltage.

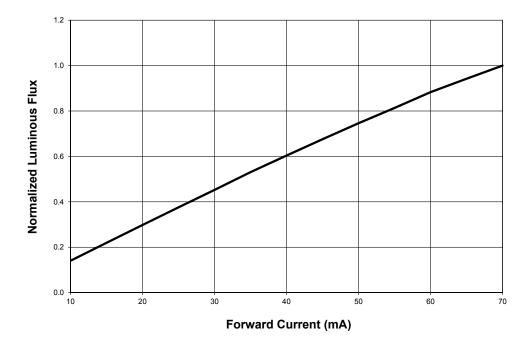


Figure 4. Typical luminous flux vs. forward current for Superflux.

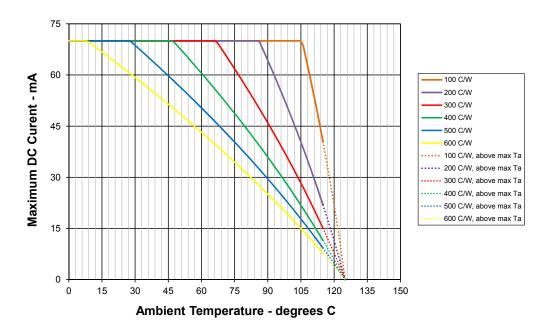


Figure 5. HPWT-xxxx relative luminous flux vs. forward current.

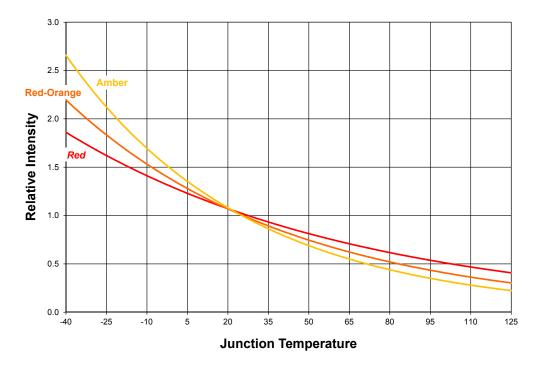


Figure 6. Luminous flux vs. junction temperature for superflux.

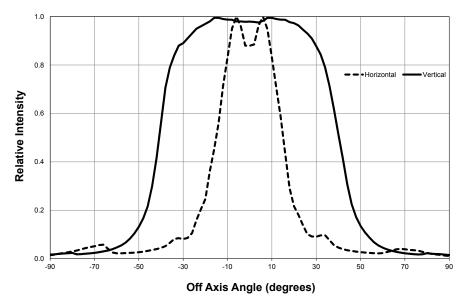


Figure 7a. HPWT-Rxxx relative luminous intensity vs. off axis angle.

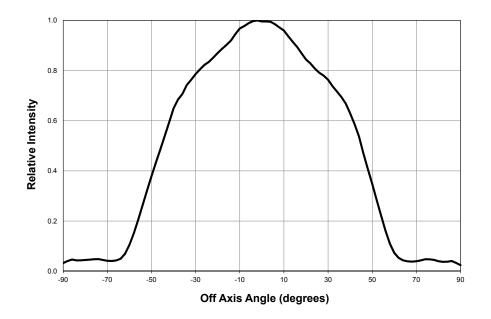


Figure 7b. HPWT-Mxxx relative luminous intensity vs. off axis angle.

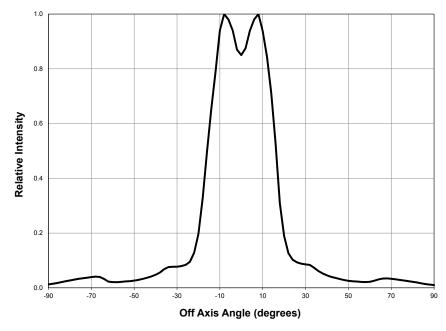


Figure 7c. HPWT-Bxxx relative luminous intensity vs. off axis angle.

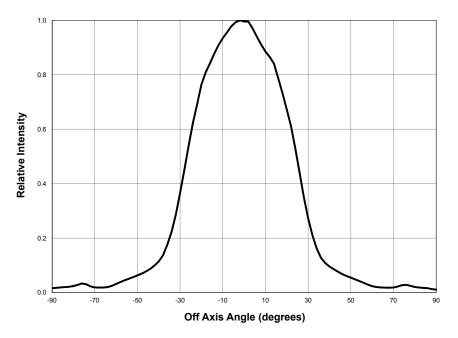


Figure 7d. HPWT-Dxxx relative luminous intensity vs. off axis angle.

Recommended Soldering Conditions for Pb SuperFlux

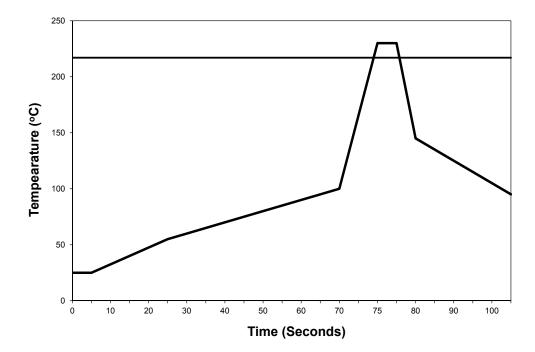


Figure 8. Recommended solder profile.

Table 5. Solder Conditions

Preheat Temperatue (°C)	100 +/- 10°C
Preheat Time (s)	70 +/- 20s
Peak Profile Temperature (°C)	230 +/- 5°C
Solder Time Above 217°C	2.5 +/- 0.5s

Notes:

1. All top preheat stages are to be turned off so that the LED body is not directly exposed to the heat source.

2. Profile taken on the LED lead at the bottom of the PCB.

3. Single wave soldering is recommended.

4. Soldering at the lowest possible peak profile temperature and shortest solder time above 217°C are preferable to the LED.

5. The pre-heat temperature ramping rate shall not more than 3°C per second.

6. Do not apply any stress on LED and perform LED lead cutting when the package still not return to room temperature.

7. After soldering, the LED must be protected from mechanical shock and vibration until LED return to room temperature.

8. Solder rework on LED should be avoided.

Product Binning and Labeling

Table 6. Luminous Flux bins for Red, Red-Orange and Amber @ 70 mA

Bin Code	Minimum Luminous Flux Bin	Maximum Luminous Flux Bin
С	1.5	2.4
D	2.0	3.0
E	2.5	3.6
F	3.0	4.2
G	3.5	4.8
Н	4.0	6.1
J	5.0	7.3
L	6.0	9.7
М	8.0	12.0
Ν	10.0	16.0

Note for Table 6:

1. Total Luminous Flux as measured with an integrating sphere after the device has stabilized. $T_i \sim 60^{\circ}$ C.

Table 7. Dominant Wavelength Bins

LED Color	Bin Code	Minimum Dominant Wavelength (nm)	Maximum Dominant Wavelength (nm)
Red	0	622	645
	1	611	617
Red-Orange	2	615	621
	3	619	629
	1	587	591
Amber	2	589	594
Amber	9	592	595
	3	592	597

Table 8. Forward Voltage Bins, Red, Red-Orange and Amber @ 70 mA

Bin Code	Min Voltage (V)	Max Voltage (V)
1	2.19	2.43
2	2.31	2.55
3	2.43	2.67
4	2.55	2.79
5	2.67	2.91
6	2.79	3.03
7	2.91	3.15

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Philips Lumileds focuses on one goal: Creating the world's highest performing LEDs. The company pioneered the use of solid-state lighting in breakthrough products such as the first LED backlit TV, the first LED flash in camera phones, and the first LED daytime running lights for cars. Today we offer the most comprehensive portfolio of high quality LEDs and uncompromising service.

Philips Lumileds brings LED's qualities of energy efficiency, digital control and long life to spotlights, downlights, high bay and low bay lighting, indoor area lighting, architectural and specialty lighting as well as retrofit lamps. Our products are engineered for optimal light quality and unprecedented efficacy at the lowest overall cost. By offering LEDs in chip, packaged and module form, we deliver supply chain flexibility to the inventors of next generation illumination.

Philips Lumileds understands that solid state lighting is not just about energy efficiency. It is about elegant design. Reinventing form. Engineering new materials. Pioneering markets and simplifying the supply chain. It's about a shared vision. Learn more about our comprehensive portfolio of LEDs at www.philipslumileds.com.

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